FUND DETAILS AT 30 JUNE 2008

Sector: Foreign - Equity - General Inception date: 1 April 2005
Fund managers: Ian Liddle; William Gray is the Portfolio Manager of the Orbis Global Equity Fund

Fund objective:

The objective of the Fund is to outperform the FTSE World Index at no greater than average risk of loss in its sector.

Suitable for those investors who:

- Would like to invest in global shares and benefit from offshore exposure.
- Want to gain exposure to markets and industries that are not necessarily available locally.
- Would like to hedge their investments against any Rand depreciation but do not have the minimum required to invest directly in the Orbis Global Equity Fund.

 Price:
 R 17.71

 Size:
 R 2 876 m

 Minimum lump sum:
 R 25 000

 Minimum monthly:
 R 500

 Subsequent lump sums:
 R 2 500

 Status of
 Currently open

 Income distribution: 01/01/07 - 31/12/07 (cents per unit)
 Total 1.17

 Annual management fee:

No fee. The underlying fund, however has its own fee structure.

COMMENTARY

In what has been one of the worst months for many stockmarkets since the Great Depression, your Fund experienced its third-worst monthly decline in its 18-year history, losing 11.1%. Worse still, Global underperformed its benchmark enough to bring the year-to-date performance for the Fund lower than that of the World Index. A significant contributor to this poor relative performance was Global's underweighting in the energy and commodity groups, which continue to be white-hot despite the equity market downturn and increased risk of global recession. Long-term members would not be surprised to see the Fund having rotated out of such shares we believe to be fully valued, only to see them continue to outperform. Oil was clearly the driver for global stockmarkets in June, with each rise in its price prompting another drop in the markets. How long this relationship lasts and what the medium and long terms holds for oil from here is tough to predict. However, from recent experience, we would not be surprised to see the Fund negatively impacted in the near term by a further rise in oil price.

GLOBAL EQUITY FEEDER FUND

GEOGRAPHICAL DEPLOYMENT

This Fund invests solely into the Orbis Global Equity Fund

Region	Fund's % exposure to:		% of World Index	
	Equities	Currencies		
United States	31	30	43	
Canada	0	0	4	
North America	31	30	47	
United Kingdom	5	0	9	
Continental Europe	17	11	22	
Europe	22	11	31	
Japan	26	47	9	
Korea	7	2	2	
Greater China	7	7	3	
Other	2	2	1	
Asia ex-Japan	16	11	6	
South Africa and other	5	1	7	
Total	100	100	100	

TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO*

	Included in TER			
Total expense ratio	Trading costs	Performance component	Fee at benchmark	Other expenses
2.90%	0.16%	0.97%	1.45%	0.32%

*A Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure of a portfolio's assets that are relinquished as operating expenses. It is expressed as a percentage of the average value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of March 2008. Included in the TER is the proportion of costs that are incurred by the performance component, fee at benchmark, trading costs (including brokerage, VAT, UST, STRATE and insider trading levy) and other expenses. These are disclosed separately as percentages of the net asset value. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The information provided is applicable to class A units.

PERFORMANCE

Fund performance shown net of all fees and expenses as per the TER disclosure.

Percentage return in Rands	Fund	Benchmark*
Since Inception (unannualised)	77.5	71.5
Latest 3 years (annualised)	16.6	16.5
Latest 1 year (annualised)	-0.6	1.1
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Percentage return in dollars	Fund	Benchmark*
Since Inception (unannualised)	40.9	36.1
Latest 3 years (annualised)	10.5	10.4
Latest 1 year (annualised)	-10.7	-9.2

Risk measures (Since inception month end prices)	Fund	Benchmark*
Percentage positive months	66.7	64.1
Annualised monthly volatility	12.9	12.5

^{*}Benchmark: FTSE World Index. Source: Bloomberg, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 30 June 2008.

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Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accrual and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Declaration of income accruals are made annually. End valuations take place at approximately 16h00 each business day. Performance flavores and repurchase requests may be received by the manager by 14h00 each business day. Performance flavores with income distributions reinstitutions reinstitutions and included. Permissible deductions may include management flees, brokerage, UST, auditors fees, bank harges, trustee fees and RSC levies. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Forward pricing is used. A Feeder Fund portfolio is a portfolio that, apart from assets in a liquid form, consists solely of units in a single portfolio of a collective investment stog up or of down. This Fund may be capped at any time in order to be managed in accordance with the mandate. Member of the ACI. Total Expense Ratio (TER): When investing, costs are only a part of an investment decision. The investment to gioup of the Fund should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the investment and whether it represents value for money should be evaluated as part of the financial planning process. All Allan Gray performance figures and values are quoted after the deduction of